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8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
9 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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11 DAVID BOCK, L.B., a minor by and
12 through his Guardian ad Litem,
Robert Powell,

13 Plaintiff,

14 v.

15 CITY OF LOS ANGELES, and Does
16 1 through 10, Inclusive,

17 Defendants.
18

Case No. CV 2:18-cv-06485-PA-FFM

**ORDER ON STIPULATION
FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER**

19 **1. A. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS**

20 As the parties have represented that discovery in this action is likely to
21 involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which
22 special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than
23 prosecuting this litigation may be warranted, this Court enters the following
24 Protective Order. This Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures
25 or responses to discovery. The protection it affords from public disclosure and use
26 extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential
27 treatment under the applicable legal principles. Further, as set forth in Section 12.3,
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below, this Protective Order does not entitle the parties to file confidential information under seal. Rather, when the parties seek permission from the court to file material under seal, the parties must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5 and with any pertinent orders of the assigned District Judge and Magistrate Judge.

B. GOOD CAUSE STATEMENT

In light of the nature of the claims and allegations in this case and the parties' representations that discovery in this case will involve the production of confidential records, and in order to expedite the flow of information, to facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality of discovery materials, to adequately protect information the parties are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure that the parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of such material in connection with this action, to address their handling of such material at the end of the litigation, and to serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is justified in this matter. The parties shall not designate any information/documents as confidential without a good faith belief that such information/documents have been maintained in a confidential, non-public manner, and that there is good cause or a compelling reason why it should not be part of the public record of this case.

2. DEFINITIONS

2.1 Action: The instant action: *Bock v. City of Los Angeles*, Case No. 2:18-cv-06485-PA-FFM.

2.2 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of information or items under this Order.

2.3 "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), and as specified above in the Good Cause Statement.

2.4 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or Items: extremely sensitive "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or

1 Items, the disclosure of which to another Party or Non-Party would create a
2 substantial risk of serious harm that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.

3 **2.5 Counsel:** Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as
4 their support staff).

5 **2.6 Designating Party:** a Party or Non-Party that designates information
6 or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as
7 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS’ EYES
8 ONLY.”

9 **2.7 Disclosure or Discovery Material:** all items or information,
10 regardless of the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained
11 (including, among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are
12 produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.

13 **2.8 Expert:** a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter
14 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as
15 an expert witness or as a consultant in this Action.

16 **2.9 House Counsel:** attorneys who are employees of a party to this
17 Action. House Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other
18 outside counsel.

19 **2.10 Non-Party:** any natural person, partnership, corporation, association,
20 or other legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

21 **2.11 Outside Counsel of Record:** attorneys who are not employees of a
22 party to this Action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this Action and
23 have appeared in this Action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm
24 which has appeared on behalf of that party, and includes support staff.

25 **2.12 Party:** any party to this Action, including all of its officers, directors,
26 employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their
27 support staffs).

28 **2.13 Producing Party:** a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or

1 Discovery Material in this Action.

2 **2.14 Professional Vendors:** persons or entities that provide litigation
3 support services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or
4 demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium)
5 and their employees and subcontractors.

6 **2.15 Protected Material:** any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is
7 designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL --
8 ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.”

9 **2.16 Receiving Party:** a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery
10 Material from a Producing Party.

11 **3. SCOPE**

12 The protections conferred by this Order cover not only Protected Material (as
13 defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected
14 Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material;
15 and (3) any deposition testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their
16 Counsel that might reveal Protected Material, other than during a court hearing or at
17 trial.

18 Any use of Protected Material during a court hearing or at trial shall be
19 governed by the orders of the presiding judge. This Order does not govern the use
20 of Protected Material during a court hearing or at trial.

21 **4. DURATION**

22 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations
23 imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees
24 otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be
25 deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this Action, with
26 or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and
27 exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this Action,
28 including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time

pursuant to applicable law.

5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for

Protection. Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the inapplicable designation.

5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of Section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions), that the Producing Party affix at a minimum, the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" to each page that contains protected material. If

1 only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the
2 Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making
3 appropriate markings in the margins).

4 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents available for inspection
5 need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated
6 which documents it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and
7 before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be
8 deemed “CONFIDENTIAL.” After the inspecting Party has identified the
9 documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which
10 documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then,
11 before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the
12 “CONFIDENTIAL”, or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS’ EYES
13 ONLY” legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or
14 portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also
15 must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings
16 in the margins).

17 (b) for testimony given in depositions that the Designating Party identifies
18 on the record, before the close of the deposition as protected testimony.

19 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and
20 for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on
21 the exterior of the container or containers in which the information is stored the
22 legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS’
23 EYES ONLY.” If only a portion or portions of the information warrants protection,
24 the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

25 **5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate.** If timely corrected, an inadvertent
26 failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive
27 the Designating Party’s right to secure protection under this Order for such material.
28 Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable

1 efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this
2 Order.

3 **6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS**

4 **6.1 Timing of Challenges.** Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a
5 designation of confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court's
6 Scheduling Order.

7 **6.2 Meet and Confer.** The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute
8 resolution process under Local Rule 37-1 et seq.

9 **6.3 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be**
10 **on the Designating Party.** Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper
11 purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other
12 parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating
13 Party has waived or withdrawn the confidentiality designation, all parties shall
14 continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is
15 entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the Court rules on the
16 challenge.

17 **7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

18 **7.1 Basic Principles.** A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that
19 is disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this
20 Action only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this Action. Such
21 Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the
22 conditions described in this Order. When the Action has been terminated, a
23 Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of Section 13 below.

24 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a
25 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons
26 authorized under this Order.

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1 **7.2 Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items.** Unless
2 otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a
3 Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated
4 “CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

5 (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as
6 well as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably
7 necessary to disclose the information for this Action;

8 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of
9 the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action;

10 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
11 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the
12 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

13 (d) the court and its personnel;

14 (e) private court reporters and their staff to whom disclosure is reasonably
15 necessary for this Action and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and
16 Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

17 (f) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional
18 Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have
19 signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

20 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
21 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;

22 (h) during their depositions, witnesses, and attorneys for witnesses, in the
23 Action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary provided: (1) the deposing party
24 requests that the witness sign the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound”
25 (Exhibit A); and (2) they will not be permitted to keep any confidential information
26 unless they sign the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A),
27 unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of
28 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected

1 Material may be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to
2 anyone except as permitted under this Protective Order; and

3 (i) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel,
4 mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions.

5 **7.3 Disclosure of “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS’**
6 **EYES ONLY” Information or Items.** Unless otherwise ordered by the court or
7 permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any
8 information or item designated “CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

9 (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as well
10 as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary
11 to disclose the information for this Action;

12 (b) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
13 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the
14 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

15 (c) the court and its personnel;

16 (d) private court reporters and their staff to whom disclosure is reasonably
17 necessary for this Action and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and
18 Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

19 (e) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional
20 Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have
21 signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

22 (f) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
23 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information; and

24 (g) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel,
25 mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions.

26 **8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED**
27 **PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION**

28 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation

1 that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this Action as
2 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS’ EYES
3 ONLY,” that Party must:

4 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification
5 shall include a copy of the subpoena or court order unless prohibited by law;

6 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order
7 to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the
8 subpoena or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include
9 a copy of this Protective Order; and

10 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be
11 pursued by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

12 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with
13 the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this
14 action as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS’
15 EYES ONLY” before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or
16 order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s permission, or
17 unless otherwise required by the law or court order. The Designating Party shall
18 bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential
19 material and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or
20 encouraging a Receiving Party in this Action to disobey a lawful directive from
21 another court.

22 **9. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE**
23 **PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION**

24 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a
25 Non-Party in this Action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
26 CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” Such information produced by
27 Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief
28 provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as

1 prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

2 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to
3 produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is
4 subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's
5 confidential information, then the Party shall:

6 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party
7 that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality
8 agreement with a Non-Party;

9 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Protective
10 Order in this Action, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific
11 description of the information requested; and

12 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the
13 Non-Party, if requested.

14 (c) If a Non-Party represented by counsel fails to commence the process
15 called for by Local Rules 45-1 and 37-1, et seq. within 14 days of receiving the
16 notice and accompanying information or fails contemporaneously to notify the
17 Receiving Party that it has done so, the Receiving Party may produce the Non-
18 Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If an
19 unrepresented Non-Party fails to seek a protective order from this court within 14
20 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party
21 may produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery
22 request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall
23 not produce any information in its possession or control that is subject to the
24 confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the court
25 unless otherwise required by the law or court order. Absent a court order to the
26 contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in
27 this court of its Protected Material.

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1 **10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

2 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed
3 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this
4 Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the
5 Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve
6 all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to
7 whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and
8 (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement
9 to Be Bound” (Exhibit A).

10 **11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE**
11 **PROTECTED MATERIAL**

12 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain
13 inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection,
14 the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil
15 Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever
16 procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production
17 without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and
18 (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a
19 communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work
20 product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement into this Protective
21 Order.

22 **12. MISCELLANEOUS**

23 **12.1 Right to Further Relief.** Nothing in this Order abridges the right of
24 any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

25 **12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections.** No Party waives any right it
26 otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item
27 on any ground not addressed in this Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives
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1 any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered
2 by this Protective Order.

3 **12.3 Filing Protected Material.** A Party that seeks to file under seal any
4 Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5 and with any pertinent
5 orders of the assigned District Judge and Magistrate Judge. Protected Material may
6 only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the
7 specific Protected Material at issue. If a Party's request to file Protected Material
8 under seal is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the information
9 in the public record unless otherwise instructed by the court.

10 **13. FINAL DISPOSITION**


11 After the final disposition of this Action, as defined in Section 4, within 60
12 days of a written request by the Designating Party, each Receiving Party must return
13 all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in
14 this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations,
15 summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected
16 Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving
17 Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same
18 person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies
19 (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or
20 destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies,
21 abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any
22 of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to
23 retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing
24 transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert
25 reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such
26 materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or
27 constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in
28 Section 4.

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14. Any violation of this Order may be punished by any and all appropriate measures including, without limitation, contempt proceedings and/or monetary sanctions.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: April 17, 2019



Honorable Percy Anderson
United States District Court Judge